



**Memorandum of Agreement
Between
Southeastern Cave Conservancy, Inc.
and
Lee White**

The Southeastern Cave Conservancy, Inc. (SCCi) and **Lee White** enter into a Memorandum of Agreement (MOA) to engage in a **dome climb in the Inner Sanctum of Tumbling Rock Cave as noted in the permit application (attached)**.

The period of this agreement is from **January 27, 2018 to January 26, 2019**. This MOA is valid to the named applicant until it expires or is rescinded by the SCCi. However, the MOA becomes immediately void if the applicant violates the terms and/or conditions of the MOA or any non-excluded provisions of the management policy as determined by the designated project representative of the SCCi.

Responsibilities of Lee White

The applicant agrees to follow the protocols outlined in the attached special use permit application and to abide by the following restrictions (exceptions must be requested in writing to the designated SCCi representative and Vice-chair):

- Provide a digital map in PDF format at 300 dpi of any new passage discovered. In-cave sketches will be drawn at 20 ft/inch and drafted at same
- Provide a digital version of all data (provide scans of survey notes at 300 dpi), maps, photographs and reports generated as part of this project to the SCCi for unrestricted use – photographs and maps remain the property of their creator
- Provide a brief digital trip report of each climbing/survey trip before conducting another climbing/survey trip – the report shall include scans of the original survey notes (if any), a brief written report, and a line plot of the survey in pdf format
- No collection of samples or cave specimens is authorized under this MOA
- No permanent modification of the cave other than bolting in areas specified in the permit application is authorized by this MOA

- **Standing ropes left in place during the project must be secured such that access by non-project team members is prevented**
- Schedule each climbing/survey trip via the online permitting system, and coordinate activities through the designated SCCi representative
- Limit the total number of people entering the cave to a maximum of eight people per visit, excluding any representative of the SCCi
- Abide by the terms and requirements outlined in this MOA and the permit application; however, in the event of conflict between the permit application and the MOA, the MOA governs; and
- Whatever else the SCCi Vice-chair determines is necessary.

Responsibilities of SCCi:

- Designates **Nathan Williams or his designee** as the SCCi project representative
- SCCi will provide reasonable access to the property as determined by the designated SCCi project representative or his designee

Attachments:

- A - Project application
- Map showing project area

Accepted By:

(SCCi Vice-chair)

(Date)

(Applicant)

(Date)



COVID-19 UPDATE

SCCi preserves are open with a permit. We have reduced the permitted maximum group size to 10. If you visit a preserve, please follow CDC and state and local guidelines to prevent the spread of infectious diseases and practice **Leave No Trace principles**. If conditions are changing, SCCi may open and close preserves as required.

IF you choose to visit an SCCi preserve, keep in the mind the following:

- Be vigilant and careful. In the event of an accident, response times and personnel may be very limited. A trip to the preserve could add to an already overtaxed health care system.
- Maintain social distancing. You should drive to the preserve in separate cars if the other people aren't in your household.
- Avoid public facilities. That bench along the trail may not be safe since you don't know who else has been there recently.
- Wash and sanitize your hands frequently.
- Maintain six feet of distance between you and others on the trail and inside of caves.
- If you are sick, stay home.

Special Use Permit Application



SPECIAL USE PERMIT APPLICATION

SCCi requires Special Use Permits (SUP) for all non-research activities that (1) fall outside typical recreational use of a preserve, (2) have the potential to impact preserves/caves, their natural or cultural resources, or (3) interfere with the visitor experience.

If you're not sure whether your proposed activity requires an SUP, please email permits@scci.org with the details of what you would like to do.

Examples when a Special Use Permit is needed include, but are not limited to:

- Any activity prohibited or listed as requiring a special use permit in an SCCi preserve management plan, visitor use plan, or policy. (e.g., group sizes that exceed limits; camping; disturbing, collecting, or removing artifacts, biota or geologic media (just to be clear, the mud that sticks to your shoes, clothes or gear is OK!), digging in the cave or on the preserve, modifying the cave passage, bolting of any nature, removal or replacement of existing bolts or rigging, use of rigging points other than those allowed, etc.)
- Cave exploration and survey. If you found a previously unknown or unexplored cave on an SCCi preserve; discovered previously unknown passage within a known cave; want to do a lead climb to explore a high lead dome or canyon; or want to re-survey a previously mapped cave, you need a SUP

explore a new cave, survey, or carry on, or maintain or survey a previously mapped cave, you need a SUP. All new cave exploration will follow a “survey-as-you-explore” ethic, and that all cave survey activities will meet our current survey standards.

- Cleanup activities beyond the removal of typical incidental modern litter that may accumulate in caves and on preserves. A SUP is required for organized group cleanups; large-scale waste removal; or **ANY** graffiti removal, formation cleaning.

An approved SUP permits the special use and may have a duration of up to one year. A visitor permit is required for each time members of the team will be on preserve.

Please provide a brief summary of the project. Detailed information should be provided under the specific sections that follow.

Applicant

Lee White

⊕ Abstract or Summary

The purpose of this project will be to aid climb to a high lead in the Inner Sanctum room in Tumbling Rock Cave and to complete the survey of any passage found beyond. The lead appears to be the upper part of a vadose canyon intersecting the Inner Sanctum which was likely created by the water which goes to the waterfall in the Inner Sanctum.

⊕ Name of Project

Individual Responsible for Performing the On-Site Project Operations

Only enter if different than the permit requestor.

Name

Address

Phone

Email

Preserve(s) Requiring Access

Select all the preserves requiring access. Use the (+) to add another line. You will still need a visitor permit for each visit.



Preserve

Site

Financial Information

If the project is receiving funding of any kind, please attach a copy of the grant, contract, or other information relating to the amount of the funding, source of the funding, and duration of the funding.

Is the project receiving funding?

No Yes

Additional Information Related to the Project

Please provide the following information.

- ⊕ Credentials of those conducting the project: Include information only on the individual responsible for the actual work. Include past projects conducted; expertise in the field in question; and educational qualifications.

Extensive experience rock climbing in caves, including leading all five pitches during the first ascent of the second tallest technical underground rock climb in TAG, Very Hungry Caterpillar Dome in Savor It Well

Extensive experience surveying caves

Extensive experience rigging caves for SRT, both American and Alpine styles

- ⊕ A description of the methods to be used to execute the project goals: Destructive or non-destructive methods, examples include: bolting; digging; other modification to the cave walls or passage; collecting samples, current or historic; photography; on-site examination; etc.

Aid climbing (primarily utilizing bolts as aid and protection with hooking and clean forms of protection and aid used when practicable) will be used to initially reach the lead to evaluate it as well as to traverse any non-safely free climbable passage found beyond the lead

Bolting of stainless steel permanent anchors will be use to establish routes on fixed static line to allow for access to any new passage so that it can be surveyed. The beginning of such a route up to the start of the lead will be set up so that it

- ⊕ A description of the data and the format in which it will be reported: what type of information will the project yield? Examples - Data, photographs, excavation and recovery of historic items, new passage? How and where will this be reported—in a paper for an institution of higher learning, a national journal or magazine, a specialty journal, only to the SCCi board?

New passage beyond the lead if any is found

Survey data and map of any new passage found

Photographs of the project and any discoveries made in the cave

- ⊕ Number of entries: the number of times the property or cave must be entered. The number of entries, and the proposed date for each, should be included. A Visitor Permit is required for each visit to a Preserve. The Special Use Permit permits the proposed use not access.

At least two to three entries should be expected, possibly more if extensive passage is discovered and/or additional aid climbing beyond the beginning of the lead is required to traverse the new passage.

- ⊕ Duration of each event: How much time will be spent on SCCi properties during each entry?

Each entry will last approximately eight hours.

- ⊕ Number of personnel involved: The number of persons it will take to conduct the project for each visit; and overall.

At least three people per each single visit with a likely total of eight people taking part in the entire project.

- ⊕ The proposed schedule: When will the project begin, when will it end, when each of the site visits be made.

The project will begin ASAP and end whenever the new passage is completely explored and surveyed. When each site visit will occur will be dictated by when enough members of the project are free from work and other activities to participate.

Additional Files

File name

TRClimbLocation.png



[+ Add files](#)

Memorandum of Understanding



Editor Code Preview

Paragraph ▼

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The MOU will be written upon approval of a Special Use Permit.	
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By signing below I agree to implement only those activities listed in this special use permit and in the manner as expressed in my application.

[Clear](#)

Status

Pending Approved Denied

Approver's Signature

[Clear](#)





Send Status Mailing?

No Status only Final PDF

Submit Application

Yes No

Last Updated On

2018-01-27

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SCCi Permanent Fixed Rope and Permanent Anchor Guidance Document

26 October 2018

Introduction

SCCi encourages exploration of caves on its properties in a safe and responsible manner. Visitation of explored and unexplored portions of these caves is allowed provided that impacts can be managed acceptably. It is recognized that, in some cases, passage may only be accessible via fixed rope left in place by an exploration team following an aid climb. In addition, artificial anchors may be desirable in places where no acceptable natural anchors are available.

With the proliferation of dome climbs and other instances where fixed ropes and artificial anchors are used to facilitate cave exploration in SCCi preserves the question of what to do with this rigging after the exploratory phase of a project is over arises. In some cases, a project results in discovery of significant passage lengths and features in a cave. The exploration team and/or others, including SCCi management, may want to allow routine access to the new finds for subsequent visitors and additional exploration. This document provides information on SCCi's expectations, and guidance on how the exploration team or others might address these expectations in order to receive approval for leaving permanent fixed rope available for use by future visitors.

Additionally, permanent anchors (usually bolts and hangers) are sometimes installed in areas with unsatisfactory natural features necessary for rigging vertical obstacles to allow routine access to a portion of a cave. This document also specifies basic SCCi hardware standards for installation of permanent anchors and rope, or replacement of non-standard hardware.

A Special Use Permit (SUP) is required for any activity that results in cave passage modification, specifically including setting bolts or other anchors. In addition, parties desiring to install permanent fixed rope must request a SUP covering that activity. **While the guidance provided herein is basic, the SUP provided by the permit applicant must provide detail regarding the manufacturer, type, size, and material of any hardware and/or rope proposed to be permanently installed.**

If a permit request for installing permanent anchors with or without a fixed rope is approved, a Memorandum of Agreement (MOA) will be issued to the permit holder detailing SCCi's requirements for the activity. This guidance document may be included by reference in an MOA involving setting permanent fixed ropes and/or permanent anchors.

It is vitally important for all stakeholders to know and understand these requirements before a project starts. In order to avoid misunderstandings and to facilitate compliance with guidance a summary checklist and SUP that may be used as a template are provided.

Wall climbing – before the project

Members of climbing parties should understand that not all climbs will be worthy of leaving permanent fixed ropes or anchors behind. The SCCi vice-chair (VC) or their designee(s) will determine if a climb results in a find significant enough to justify installation of a permanent fixed rope and/or anchor(s). The decision will be based on information provided by the permit holder and others familiar with results of the project. A discovery's conservation, aesthetic, scientific and recreational merits will be considered in making this decision.

If a climbing team thinks there is any chance a route might be considered for installation of a permanent fixed rope rigged to permanent anchors, the anchors at the top of the climb should meet SCCi standards (see below). This will eliminate the need to install additional, standard anchors at a later date, creating unnecessary modification of the cave passage.

Wall Climbing – after the climb: approval process for leaving fixed rope in place

By default, most initial MOAs for a wall climb will require that artificial anchors and other equipment be removed from the cave to the extent practical at the completion of an aid climbing project. However, if a party wishes to leave a fixed rope in place the process is as follows:

1. Use SCCi's online permitting system to submit an SUP request providing detail of what was found and any conservation, aesthetic, scientific and/or recreational value it might have, and describe how any vertical pitches will be rigged with permanent fixed rope.
2. This description must include detail on the anchors and ropes to be used for permanent rigging; specifically, the type of anchors, their manufacturer, size and material, and, if applicable, the manufacturer, type, diameter and construction of any rope to be used. In this context, the term "anchor" applies not only to bolts, but also hangers, chains, rings, quick links, etc. that might be attached to a bolt. The use of natural anchors is not encouraged, but may be proposed.
3. The VC or their designee(s) will review the request and either conditionally approve, disapprove, or request additional information before reconsidering the SUP and inform the originating party of their decision.
4. Final approval will be contingent on preparation and acceptance of a brief, written, Permanent Fixed Rope Management Plan (PFRMP) that will include, at a minimum, a named responsible party, a rope and rigging inspection schedule, and a process to reduce the likelihood of use of the rigging by unqualified persons. An example of a PFRMP that may be used as a template is included as an addendum to this document.

The PFRMP may be modified over time as necessary to incorporate best practices, solutions to unanticipated technical issues, personnel changes, etc., but **if any substantial provisions of the PFRMP, particularly the inspection schedule, cannot be met, any fixed rope must be removed.**

Hardware requirements -- permanent fixed rope installation

SCCi does not dictate equipment specifications for use in initial exploration activities (e.g., aid climbs) other than expecting the activity will be carried out in a safe and competent manner. However, since it is anticipated that fixed rigging for routine access may be left in place for a long period of time, and see significant traffic, robust gear will be used. Unless otherwise noted, permanent anchors and fixed ropes left in place will either be supplied by SCCi, or new rope and anchors that meet or exceed SCCi requirements will be provided by others at their own expense.

The default minimum standard for permanent expansion bolts will be two 3/8-inch diameter x 2-3/4-inch long, 304 or 316 stainless steel wedge anchors, with 304 or 316 stainless steel hangers. All hardware attached to bolts and hangers will also be made of 304 or 316 stainless steel. Fixed rope will be 11-mm diameter, synthetic, static rope. Anchors installed on pulldown routes will consist of two

bolts connected by 304 or 316 stainless steel chain and ring. All metals will be the same to avoid corrosion caused by galvanic action. Bolts will be installed properly in locations that reduce rope abrasion or can be adequately protected. Rope should not be rigged so that it hangs in flowing water.

Again, the SUP requesting establishment of a route that includes permanent fixed rope and the accompanying PFRMP should provide hardware details, including the brand, type, size, material and model of hardware and cordage to be used. Exceptions to the standards must be requested in the SUP and/or PFRMP. For example, it is recognized that in some cases the use of natural anchors may be appropriate.

Other permanent anchors

All permanent anchors installed in SCCi preserves should meet the same standards outlined above. It is recommended that any bolts installed in easily reached, high traffic areas (e.g., Neversink's two rig points) be ½-in diameter. Unless otherwise noted, permanent artificial anchors installed in a preserve will either be supplied by SCCi, or new anchors that meet or exceed minimum SCCi requirements will be provided by others at their own expense.

SCCi is replacing existing non-standard hardware on an opportunity basis. Individuals should not replace non-standard hardware, even with SCCi-standard gear, without an SUP and MOA.

Contact information

Questions about information in this document should be addressed to: vice-chair@scci.org.